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tops during the rains and stored in cisterns, while that for toilet use is from wells and is quite brackish and hard. The streets are kept fairly free from trash and garbage by frequently cleaning with brooms, the collected garbage being deposited on the shore outside the town. Commodes inspected were clean and not offensive, some being supplied with water-flushing apparatus, others being simply open pits. The houses, business and residence, are mostly close together, consist of one story, resting directly on the ground, that is, without ventilating space between soil and floor, and abut directly on the narrow sidewalk. These houses, as seen from the street, are small, close together, and poorly ventilated.

Diseases reported in Progreso and surrounding country for ten days ending May 30, 1903, are as follows: Bronchitis, enteritis, tuberculosis, whooping cough, pneumonia, traumatic tetanus, but no case of quarantinable disease. Some cases, eight or ten, of yellow fever in Merida. Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

May 26, American schooner *Flora Morang* (crew all, 7), to Ship Island; good.

May 27, Norwegian steamship *Daggry* (crew all, 17), to New York; good.

May 30, British steamship *Cheronea* (crew all, 23, and captain's wife), to Boston (supplemental); good.

Report from Tampico—Inspection of vessels—Mortality statistics—Yellow fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Frick reports, June 8, as follows:

Week ended June 6, 1903:

Inspected—	
Steamships	3
Members of crews	108
Passengers	6
Baggage	9
Freight	pieces. 8,818
Disinfected: Steamship	1

Twenty-nine deaths, including yellow fever 9, and 4 from tuberculosis. Mortality rate, 75.04 per thousand.

Sixteen new cases of yellow fever were reported. During the previous week there were 8 new cases reported; on May 25 there were 2 cases under treatment, making a total of 26 cases under treatment during the last two weeks ended June 6, 1903. During the same period there were 14 deaths from yellow fever.

There are under treatment, at the present time, 9 cases at the civil hospital, 3 cases at the Mexican Central Hospital, 2 cases at their respective homes; making a total of 14 cases under treatment.

The infection seems to be confined to three different localities, and with the exception of 2 cases, a German carpenter and a Swede civil engineer, the cases occurring up to this date have been among the poorer classes of natives. The business portion of the town apparently remains clear of infection.

Report from Vera Cruz—Mortality statistics—Yellow fever.

Assistant Surgeon Goldberger reports, June 1 and 8, as follows: During the week ended May 30, 1903, there was officially recorded a